PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter I of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Rule 44bis)

Applicant's or agent's file reference MMS00118-PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See item 4 below					
International application No. PCT/JP2004/010099	International filing date (day/month/year) 15 July 2004 (15.07.2004)	Priority date (day/month/year) 29 July 2003 (29.07.2003)					
International Patent Classification (8th edition unless older edition indicated) See relevant information in Form PCT/ISA/237							
Applicant MITSUI MINING & SMELTING CO., LTD.							

1.	This international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter I) is issued by the International Bureau on behalf of the International Searching Authority under Rule 44 bis. I(a).								
2.	This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.								
	In the attached sheets, any reference to the written opinion of the International Searching Authority should be read as a reference to the international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter I) instead.								
3.	3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:								
	Box No. I Basis of the report								
	Box No. II	•							
	nion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial								
	Box No. IV	ox No. IV Lack of unity of invention							
	Box No. V	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement							
	Box No. VI	Certain documents cited							
	Box No. VΠ	Certain defects in the international application Certain observations on the international application							
	Box No. VIII								
4.	4. The International Bureau will communicate this report to designated Offices in accordance with Rules 44bis.3(c) and 93bis.1 but not, except where the applicant makes an express request under Article 23(2), before the expiration of 30 months from the priority date (Rule 44bis.2).								
		·	Date of issuance of this report 15 May 2006 (15.05.2006)						
The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland			Authorized officer Masashi Honda						
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Form PCT/IB/373 (January 2004)

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

TRANSLATTON From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY To: WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (PCT Rule 43bis.1) Date of mailing (day/month/year) Applicant's or agent's file reference FOR FURTHER ACTION MMS00118-PCT See paragraph 2 below International filing date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year) International application No. 15.07.2004 PCT/JP2004/010099 29.07.2003 International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC Applicant MITSUI MINING & SMELTING CO., LTD. This opinion contains indications relating to the following items: Box No. I Basis of the opinion Box No. II Priority Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial Box No. V applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement Box No. VI Certain documents cited Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application 2. **FURTHER ACTION** If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA") except that this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notified the International Bureau under Rule 66.1bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered. If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of 3 months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later. For further options, see Form PCT/ISA/220. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220. 3. Name and mailing address of the ISA/JP Authorized officer Telephone No. Facsimile No.

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No.
PCT/JP2004/010099

Вох	x No. I Basis of this opinion
1.	With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
	This opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following language
	, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under
	Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b)).
2.	With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:
	a. type of material
	a sequence listing
	table(s) related to the sequence listing
	b. format of material
ļ	in written format
	in computer readable form
	c. time of filing/furnishing
	contained in the international application as filed.
	filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
	furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.
	turnished subsequently to this Authorny for the purposes of search.
3.	In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table(s) relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.
4.	Additional comments:
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WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No.
PCT/JP2004/010099

	Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					
1. Statement						
Novelty (N	D)	Claims	1-7		YES	
		Claims		•	NO	
Inventive s	step (IS)	Claims	3-7	·	YES	
		Claims	1, 2	·	NO	
Industrial applicability (IA)	applicability (IA)	Claims	1-7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	YES	
		Claims			NO	

2. Citations and explanations:

Document 1: JP 2001-107101 A (Mitsui Mining & Smelting Co., Ltd.), 17 April 2001

Document 2: JP 2003-034802 A (Mitsui Mining & Smelting Co., Ltd.), 07 February 2003

Document 3: JP 2003-129106 A (Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd.), 08 May 2003

Regarding claims 1, 2

Document 1 cited in the ISR describes a highly dispersible spherical silver powder (see claims, Par. No. 0001, etc.), which is optimally suitable for the production of electrically conductive paste.

Document 2 cited in the ISR describes a low aggregation copper powder used for preparing a copper paste (see claims etc.), which is characterized by the fact that the value of the degree of its aggregation, expressed as D50/DIA, is 1.5 or less, with the mean particle size D50 determined by a particle size distribution measurement method based on laser diffraction and scattering and the mean particle size DIA obtained by image analysis.

Document 3 cited in the ISR describes a nickel powder used for preparing an electrically conductive paste (see claims, etc.), and mentions that in case of Ni sintering, the smaller its physical size, i.e. the size observed under an electron microscope, the smaller the crystallite size at lower temperatures (see Par. No. 0038).

As can be gleaned from document 3, it is well-known that, in general, if the particle size and crystallite size of a powder is smaller, then the sintering temperature is lowered.

In the invention described in document 1, it would be easy for a person skilled in the art to appropriately restrict the degree of aggregation to not more than a certain level with the help of a measure such as the one used in document 2 and, in order to make it sinterable at lower temperatures, to restrict the particle size and crystallite size to not more than a certain level.

Regarding claims 3-7

None of documents 1-3 cited in the ISR mentions that when a silver powder is prepared by reacting a silver ammine complex and an organic reducing agent, the concentration of silver in the solution after mixing is maintained at 1-6 g/L, and the concentration of the organic reducing agent at 1-3 g/L, which means that an expert in the relevant technical field could not have simply and theoretically derived it from prior art.